

Cooperative Robotics for Scientific and Commercial Applications António Pascoal



MARINETECH – IH Cascais, Dec. 5 2019



The work of many

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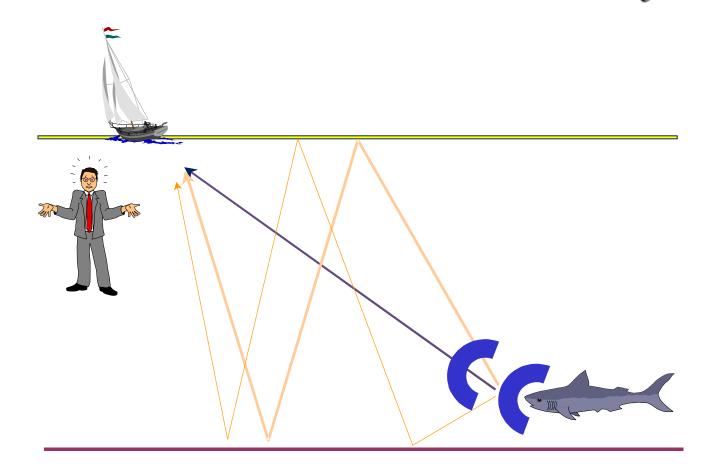




Cooperative projects with Colombia, India, Korea, Mexico, Peru, USA, and EU members

Opening the multiple vehicle frontier

Underwater Communications – very hard!





Opening the multiple vehicle frontier



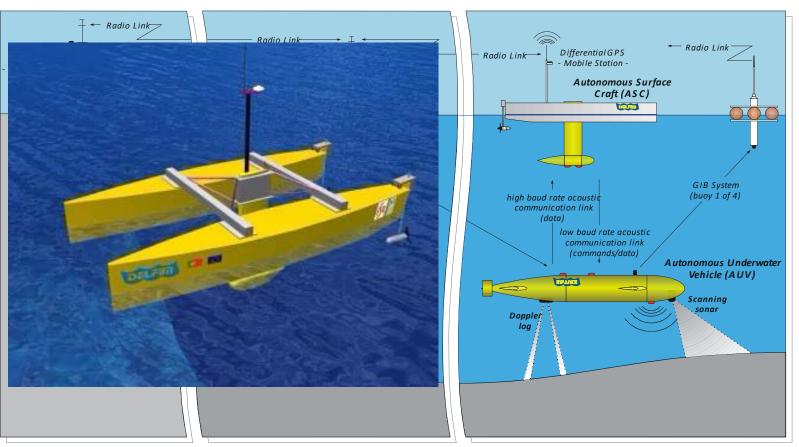
Underwater Communications

Transmit in the vertical !



Multi-vehicle operations

The ASIMOV concept (ASIMOV project, EC – 2000) – PT, FR, UK



Difficulties: **no** reliable comms, miniaturized acoustic positioning systems, and tools for seamless implementation of Motion and Mission Control systems (ROS was not born yet!)



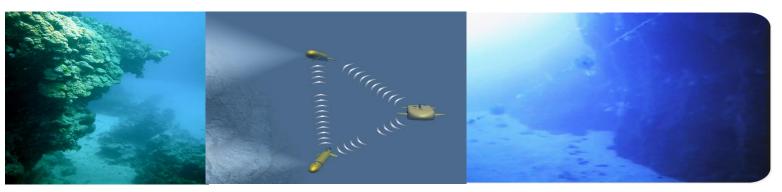
Neworked Systems : a New Era (2009 -)

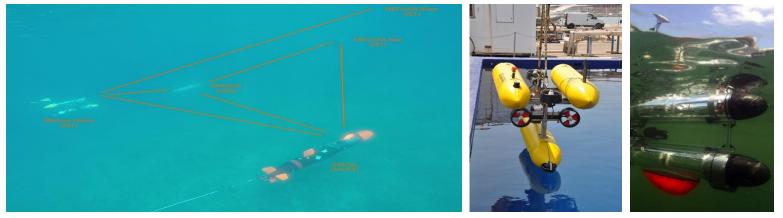


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MORPH / EC (2012-2016)

Cooperative Marine Robots for Marine Habitat Mapping in Complex Underwater Environments: A New Paradigm







A joint company of ThyssenKrupp and EADS





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MORPH / EC (2012-2016)

Habitat Mapping in complex 3D environments

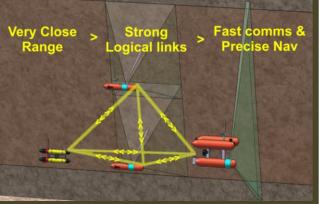


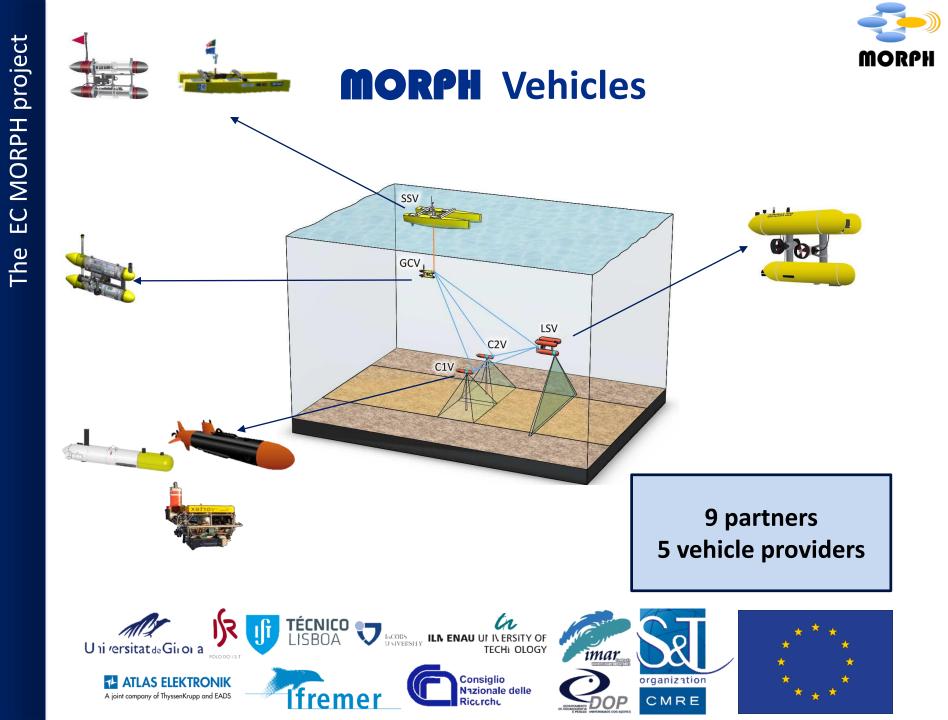
Underwater cliffs, canyon walls, fracture zones, seamount flanks, hydrothermal chimneys

MORPH / EC (2012-2016)

A team of agents operating as a virtual super marine vehicle

Key MORPH concept: *a self-reconfiguring robot for operations in complex 3D marine environments*



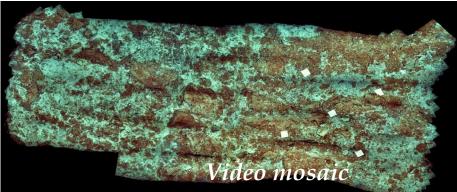


MORPH / EC (2012-2016)

Cooperative Marine Robots for Marine Habitat Mapping in Complex Underwater Environments: A New Paradigm







The sea-going machines

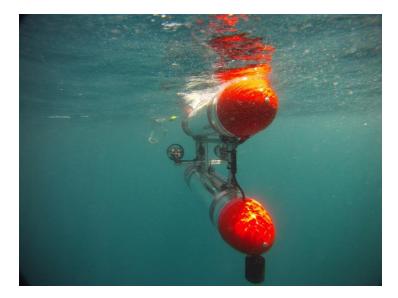




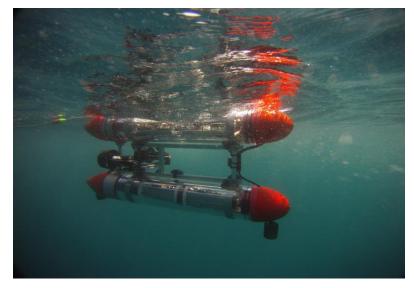


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Labs and equipment









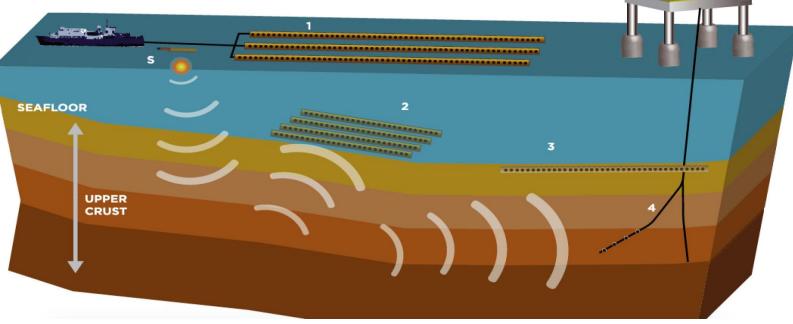
Acoustics-enabled formation control (MORPH project, AZORES, Sept. 2014)

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Probing under the seabed : the EC WiMUST project

All marine seismic surveys involve a source (S) and some kind of array or receiver sensors (individual receiver packages are indicated by the black dots). '1' illustrates the towed streamer geometry, '2' an ocean bottom geometry, '3' a buried seafloor array (note that multiple parallel receiver cables are subtly displayed), and '4' a VSP (vertical seismic profile) geometry, where the receivers are positioned in a well.



S-acoustic source

- 1-Towed receiver geometry (hydrophones)
- 2- Ocean bottom geometry
- 3- Buried seafloor array
- 4- Vertical seismic profiler



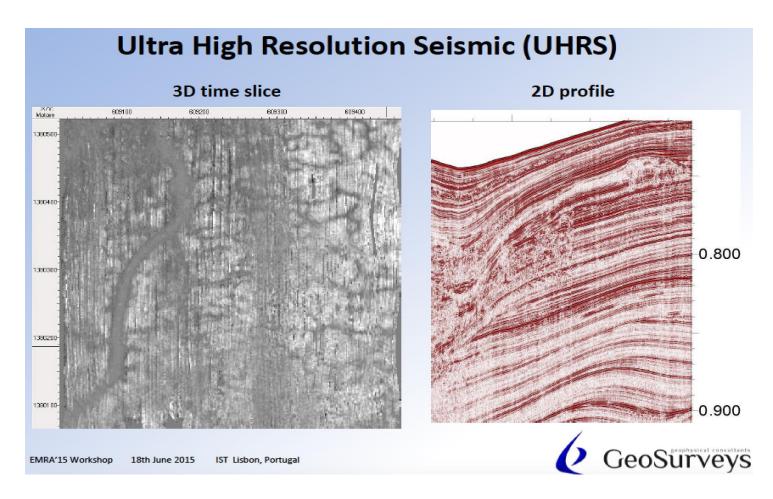
Widely scalable Mobile Underwater Sonar Technology

Marine seismic surveys

- Vessel tows acoustic sources and long cables (streamers) up to 10km long, equipped with hydrophones, very close to the surface
- Acoustic sources shoot, waves reflect/refract off geological features on and beneath the seabed, hydrophones pick up these reflections
- Processing allows for inference of geophysical features



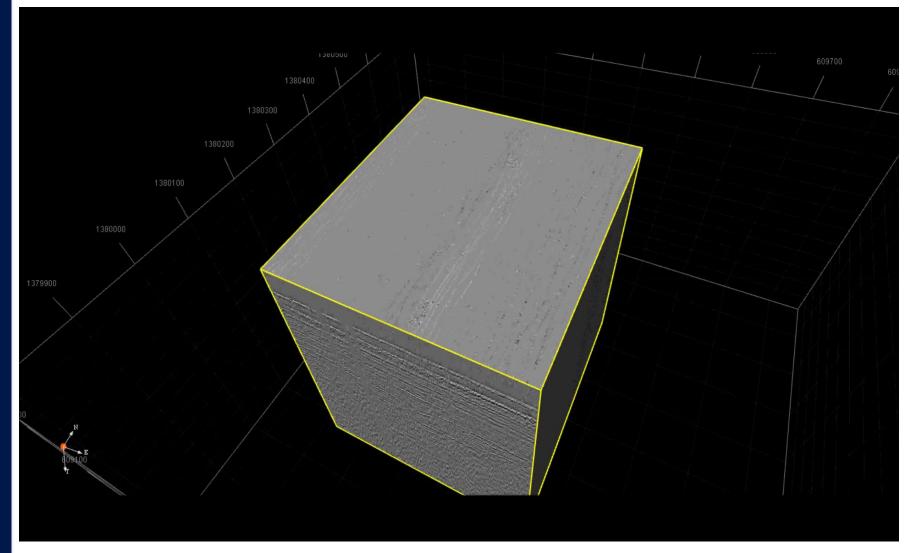
Ultra high resolution Seismic Surveys in 2D and 3D 19



Key applications: design of foundations for overwater and subsea structures and anchors; assessment of burial performance for pipelines and cables – marine windfarms

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Ultra High Resolution Seismic (UHRS) surveys



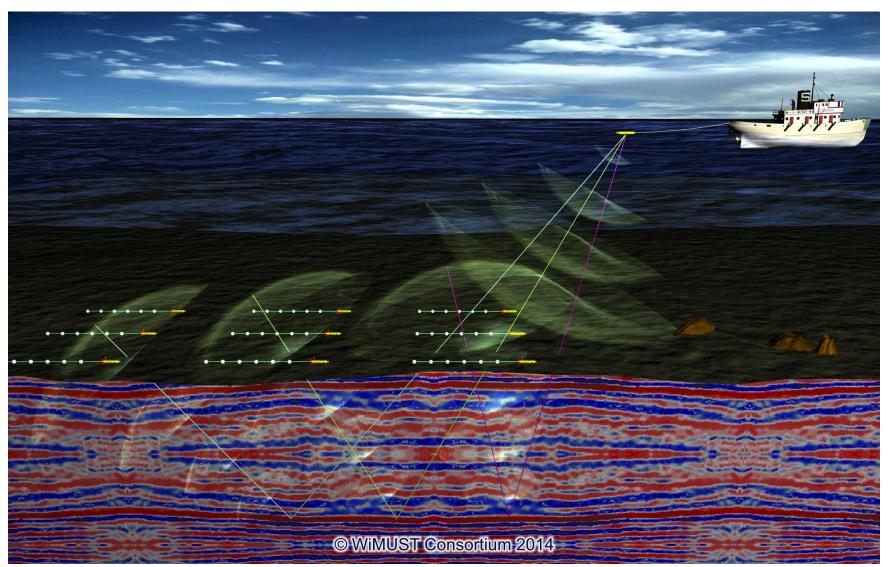
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Courtesy of Henrique Duarte, GeoSurveys, Aveiro, PT

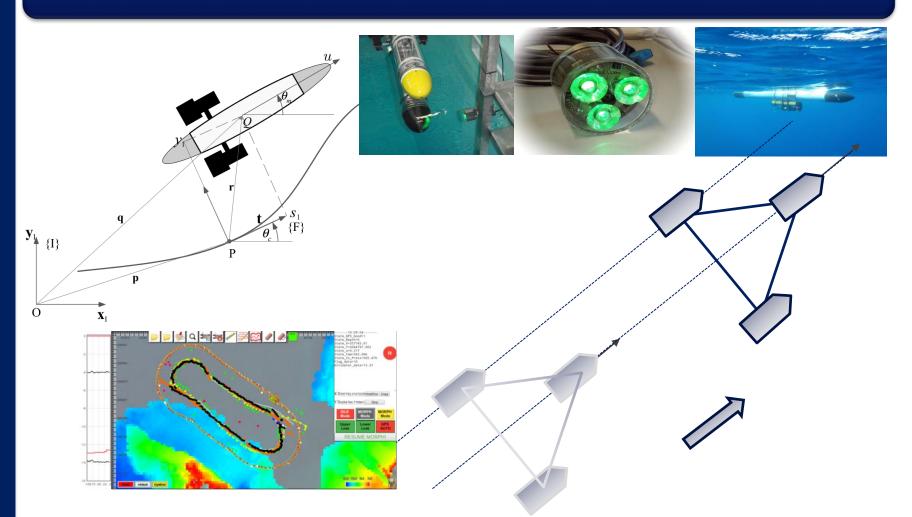
The WiMUST concept



Wi MUST Widely scalable Mobile Underwater Sonar Technology



The theory behind: a glimpse



Cooperative, Networked Motion Planning, Navigation, and Control Nonlinear Control and Estimation, Range-based Localization, Optimization, Event-Driven Systems, Optical and Acoustic Communications

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Mission specification

Cooperative motion planning

Nominal trajectories & desired vehicle formation

Cooperative motion control

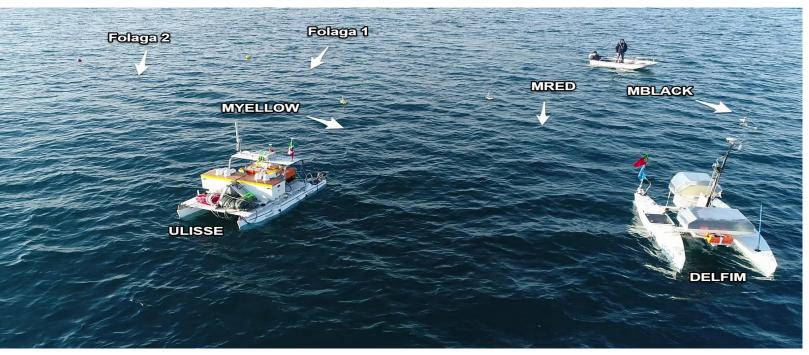
Global and local, relative vehicle positions

Cooperative navigation

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Cooperative systems: key blocks required

Basic Building Blocks



Basic building blocks

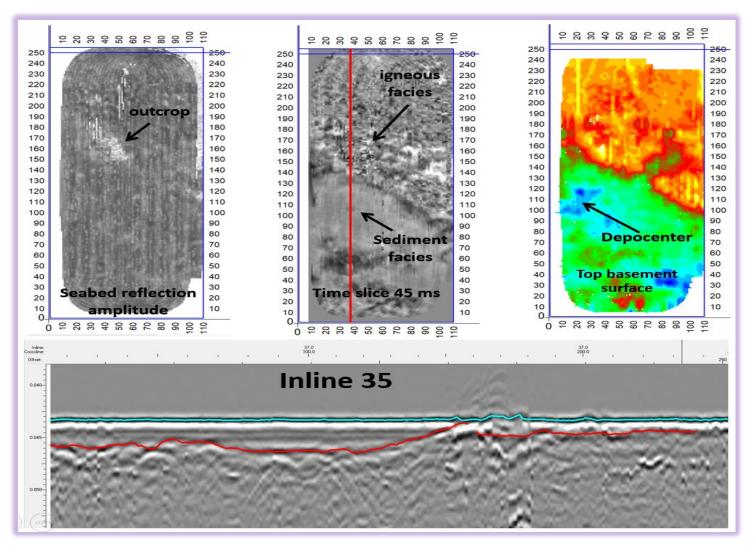
- 2 Acoustic sources: Delfim and Ulisse ASVs
- 2 Anchors and Distributed acoustic receiver array: Delfim and Medusa Black ASVs, Folaga 1 and Folaga 2 + Medusa Red and Medusa Yellow AUVs



Full system implementation and final mission at sea



Full system implementation and final mission at sea



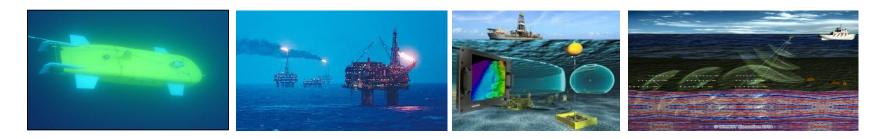
Technical Highlights & Seismic Data Acquired

The big push forward

Bring about a true revolution in the marine technology area by:

- Focusing on challenging **flagship initiatives** driven by end-users (including aquaculture, renewable energies, fisheries, ocean modeling, resources assessment and exploitation, etc)
- Merging innovation with core technologies for seamless access to the water column, critical infrastructures, and the **deep sea**.

Cooperative multiple assets; sustained presence at sea; energy harvesting



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The future: Cooperative Robots and Humans in the Loop



Automated Offshore Aquaculture



Tracking of Marine Mammals

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

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SOS4ATLANTIC: A NEW MIT-PT INIATIVE

A Multi-Domain Atlantic Ocean-Space Observation System: Science, Technology, and Society























SOS4ATLANTIC

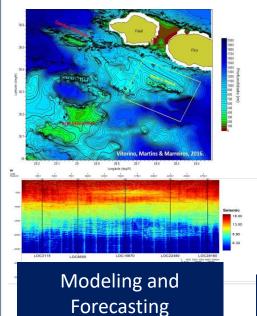
A System of Systems approach integrating Space, Air, and Marine segments

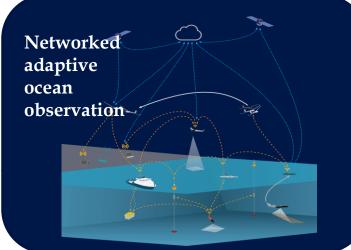
Target use-case: Study of ocean front dynamics and how they impact on pelagic and deep sea ecosystems

Vision: lay the foundations for an Atlantic Ocean Observation Platform with far reaching scientific, commercial, and societal impact.

SOS4ATLANTIC

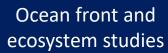
A System of Systems approach integrating Space, Air, and Marine segments for Ocean Science





Multi-vehicle SOSystems





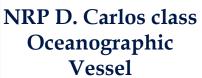
Massachusetts Institute of Technology

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SOS4ATLANTIC

A showcase of technological assets for science and the industry





















RV Águas Vivas

Fleet of 20 surface and underwater autonomous marine robots – FEUP, IST, MIT 10 unmanned air vehicles – FEUP & TEKEVER



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